

Laws of Propositional Logic

(7)

• Any tautology can be considered a "law of prop. logic".

① Law of negation: $\neg \neg p \equiv p$

② Self-combination: $p \vee \neg p \equiv \text{TRUE}$
 $p \wedge \neg p \equiv \text{FALSE}$

$$p \vee p \equiv p$$

$$p \wedge p \equiv p$$

③ Constant-combination: $p \vee \text{TRUE} \equiv \text{TRUE}$
 $p \wedge \text{TRUE} \equiv p$

$$p \vee \text{FALSE} \equiv p$$

$$p \wedge \text{FALSE} \equiv \text{FALSE}$$

④ Commutativity: $p \vee q \equiv q \vee p$

$$p \wedge q \equiv q \wedge p$$

⑤ Associativity: $p \vee (q \vee r) \equiv (p \vee q) \vee r$

$$p \wedge (q \wedge r) \equiv (p \wedge q) \wedge r$$

⑥ Distributivity: $p \vee (q \wedge r) \equiv (p \vee q) \wedge (p \vee r)$

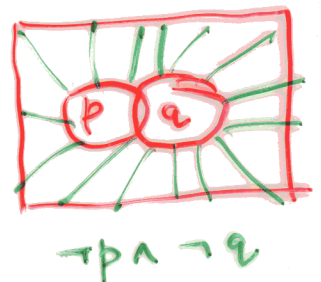
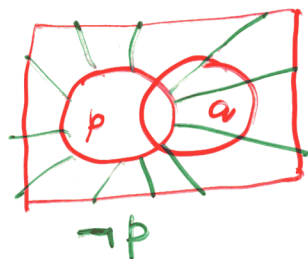
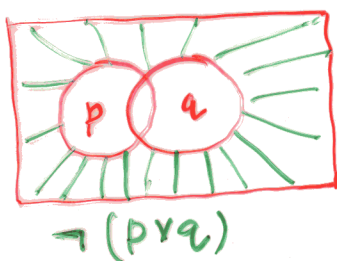
$$p \wedge (q \vee r) \equiv (p \wedge q) \vee (p \wedge r)$$

⑦ DeMorgan's law: $\neg (p \vee q) \equiv \neg p \wedge \neg q$

$$\neg (p \wedge q) \equiv \neg p \vee \neg q$$

⑧ Subsumption: $p \wedge (p \vee q) \equiv p$

• These laws/tautologies can be verified using truth-table or Venn-Diagram:



DeMorgan's law through Venn-Diagram